

# The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 3

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NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1953

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

NOTIFICATIONS

*New Delhi, the 16th July 1953*

**S.R.O. 1421.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b), (e), (g) and (h) of section 44 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) as extended to Chandernagore by Government of India notification No. 147-Eur.I, dated the 1st April, 1953, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules for the election of Commissioners of the Chandernagore Municipality, namely:—

RULES

1. (a) In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:—

- (1) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Chandernagore;
- (2) "District Magistrate" means the District Magistrate of Chandernagore;
- (3) "election day" means the date fixed for an election under rule 2;
- (4) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;
- (5) "polling booth" means a structure, permanent or temporary, set apart within the polling enclosure for the recording of votes;
- (6) "polling enclosure" means an enclosure or building set apart for the admission of voters under rules 23 and 24;
- (7) "Registering Authority" means in relation to the first general election of Commissioners of the municipality, any officer subordinate to the Administrator and not below the rank of Sub-Divisional officer of Chandernagore, appointed by the Administrator to perform the functions of the Registering Authority under these rules, and in relation to any subsequent election the Committee constituted under section 21 of the Act;
- (8) "the Act" means so much of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) as has been extended to Chandernagore by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs No. 147-Eur.I, dated the 1st April 1953;
- (9) "the municipality" means the municipality of Chandernagore;
- (10) the municipality if not divided into wards, shall be deemed to be a ward.

(b) A person shall be deemed to be resident within the limits of the municipality if he,—

- (1) ordinarily lives within those limits; or
- (2) has his family dwelling house within those limits, and occasionally visits it; or

- (3) maintains within those limits a dwelling house ready for occupation in the charge of servants, and occasionally occupies it.

A person may be resident within the limits of more than one municipality at the same time.

2. (1) The District Magistrate shall issue an order, in writing, fixing the date—  
 (a) for a general election at least two months before the election; and  
 (b) for any other election or bye-election, as soon as possible on each occasion, but at least 40 days before any such election or bye-election.

(2) The District Magistrate shall communicate the order under sub-rule (1) to the Registering Authority in the case of the first general election and to the Chairman of the Municipality (hereafter in these rules referred to as the Chairman) in the case of any subsequent election; and the Registering Authority or the Chairman, as the case may be, shall forthwith publish the same in the manner following, that is to say—

- (i) the order shall be written in or translated into Bengali and deposited in the office of the Registering Authority in the case of the first general election or in the office of the Commissioner of the Municipality (hereafter in these rules referred to as the Commissioner) in the case of any subsequent election and a copy of the order shall be posted up in a conspicuous position in such office and in such other public places as the Registering Authority or the Commissioner as the case may be, may direct; and  
 (ii) a public proclamation shall be made throughout the municipality by beat of drum notifying that such copy has been so posted up and that the original is open to inspection in the office of the Registering Authority or the Commissioner as the case may be.

#### PREPARATION AND PUBLICATION OF ELECTORAL ROLLS

3. (1) The Registering Authority shall prepare in form A a Preliminary Electoral Roll for the Municipality containing the names of all persons qualified to vote under the Act and, after causing it to be printed shall, not less than 90 days before the date fixed for a general election under section 24 of the Act, publish it at the office of the Registering Authority and at such other places as it may think fit.

(2) The name of each voter shall be entered in the Preliminary and Final Electoral Rolls for the ward in which he ordinarily resides.

(3) If separate arrangements is made for recording the votes of female voters, separate Electoral Rolls, both Preliminary and Final, shall be prepared for male and female voters.

(4) As soon as the Preliminary Electoral Roll has been published, the Registering Authority in the case of the first general election and the Chairman in the case of subsequent elections shall give public notice, as widely as possible, within the municipality that the roll has been prepared and may be inspected at his office during working days and hours and shall state in the notice at what other places it may be inspected.

Provided that if any public holiday (Beside Sundays) intervene between the date of publication of the Preliminary Electoral Roll and the last date of filing claims or objections under rule 6, the Roll shall be kept ready for inspection by the public even on those days between the hours 10 A.M. and 5 P.M.

4. The Registering Authority may, by an order in writing, appoint suitable persons to assist it in preparing the Preliminary Electoral Roll in respect of any ward or wards.

5. Any paper to be delivered to or demanded by the Registering Authority under these rules shall be deemed to have been delivered to the Registering Authority, if it is delivered to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Registering Authority at the office of the Registering Authority, during working hours, and the Registering Authority shall, by an order in writing, so authorise an officer and have a copy of such order pasted on his official notice board for the information of the public.

6. Any claim for the insertion of a name in the Electoral Roll or any objection against any entry in the Preliminary Electoral Roll shall be preferred to the Registering Authority within nine days of its publication. The Registering

Authority shall not entertain any claim or objection received after 5 P.M. on the 9th day:

Provided that if the 9th day is a Sunday or a public holiday, claims and objections may be filed till 5 P.M. the next opening day.

7. Any person (hereinafter called the objector) may file a claim or objection on behalf of any person interested:

Provided that the person filing the claim or objection is authorised in writing by the person interested on whose behalf such claim or objection is filed.

8. Any claim or objection shall be in writing and signed by the objector and shall state the grounds on which it is based, and where it relates to an entry in the Preliminary Electoral Roll shall give the reference to or the particulars of that entry.

9. (1) Every objector whose claim or objection is entertained under rule 6 shall be served with a notice by the Registering Authority specifying the place where and the time when his claim or objection will be heard and notifying him that he may there produce or cause to be produced by an agent authorised in writing such evidence as he may wish.

(2) When objection is made to the inclusion in the Preliminary Electoral Roll of the name of any person recorded therein, the Registering Authority shall serve on such person a notice stating the grounds of such objection and specifying the place and the time fixed for the hearing of such objection and notifying him that he may there produce or cause to be produced by an agent authorised in writing such evidence as he may wish.

(3) Every such notice shall be in writing and shall be served:

(a) on the objector at the address given in his claim or objection or, failing such address, at the address entered in the Preliminary Electoral Roll, and

(b) on a person to whom objection is taken under sub-rule (2) at the address given in the Preliminary Electoral Roll:

Provided that a notice may be served by the Registering Authority by sending it to the person concerned by registered post or even by ordinary post, if a certificate of posting is kept.

10. The Administrator shall cause to be published from time to time on the notice board at his office a notice showing generally the dates on which and the place at which the Registering Authority will sit for hearing claims and objections.

11. The Registering Authority shall dispose of all claims and objections by the 14th day after the last day of filing such claims and objections under rule 6.

12. On the date which is fixed for the hearing or to which the hearing may be adjourned, the Registering Authority shall hold a summary enquiry into the claims or objections preferred, and after considering any evidence produced under rule 9 shall record orders either allowing or disallowing the claims or objections. For the purposes of the enquiry the Preliminary Electoral Roll as published shall be presumed to be correct and complete until the contrary has been proved.

13. (1) The Registering Authority shall then cause the roll to be amended in accordance with any orders passed under rule 12 and shall endorse the amendments in token that this has been done.

(2) The roll thus amended shall be the Final Electoral Roll, and after being printed, and if necessary, renumbered serially, shall, not less than 60 days before the election day, be published in the same manner as the Preliminary Electoral Roll.

14. (1) Any person aggrieved by any entry in or omission from the final electoral roll may, within seven days from the date of publication of such roll, appeal to the District Magistrate and if the District Magistrate on such appeal directs any modification or addition to be made in such roll, the roll shall be amended accordingly and the amendment so made shall be published in the same manner as the final roll.

(2) No entry in or omission from the final electoral roll shall be liable to be called in question otherwise than by such appeal.

15. (1) The District Magistrate shall dispose of appeals, if any, received by him under rule 14 by the 7th day after the last day of filing such appeals and forthwith communicate his decision to the Registering Authority.

(2) Not less than 35 days before the election day, the amendments, if any, made by the District Magistrate in the Final Electoral Roll, shall be published in the same manner as the Final Electoral Roll.

16. The Final Electoral Roll, with amendments, if any, made under rule 15 shall remain valid for all fresh elections and by-elections held under sections 26, 42, and 58 of the Act:

Provided that for the purpose of such elections, held during each year, subsequent to that in which the first general elections under sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Act were held, the Commissioners shall, during the month of April of each such year, appoint a Registering Authority for the correction of the Electoral Roll, by including in it the names of all persons, not already on the Roll, who possess the necessary qualifications for being voters for the year, and by exclusion therefrom of the names of such persons who have since died or otherwise become disqualified for being voters for that year. The Registering Authority, as soon as it is appointed, shall, for this purpose publish a notice calling for claims for the inclusion of names and objections against any entry in the existing roll. For the disposal of the claims and objections the provisions of rules 6 to 13(1) shall be held to be applicable so far as possible. The corrections thus made shall be printed and annexed to the existing Roll and the Roll thus corrected shall be published at the municipal office and shall at all times be open to inspection by the rate-payers at the municipal office. All persons whose names have been included in the corrected Roll shall be entitled to vote at such election held during the year:

Provided further that a fresh Electoral Roll shall be prepared and published for each general Election.

#### NOMINATION AND REGISTERING OF CANDIDATES

17. (1) Not less than 35 days before the election day the Commissioners at a meeting shall fix for the nomination of candidates a date which shall not be less than 23 days before the election day. On or before the date of nomination so fixed every candidate for election shall cause to be delivered to the Registering Authority a nomination paper in form B.

(2) No nomination paper shall be valid if it is not signed by the candidate, or if it does not give the particulars required in columns 2,3,4 and 5 of the said form, or if it is not signed in columns 6 and 7, respectively, for each ward for which the candidate proposes to stand by at least one voter of each such ward as proposer and one voter of each such ward as seconder of the candidate or unless accompanied by a receipt for the deposit of the amount required by section 25 of the Act.

(3) Not less than 35 days before the election day the Chairman shall publish a notice in form C at his office, fixing the time at and date on which the nomination papers will be scrutinised by him, such date being not less than 22 days before the election day.

(4) At the time and on the date so fixed, the Chairman shall, at his office, scrutinise all nomination papers in the presence of the candidates or their agents if they appear, and shall register as candidates all those whose nomination papers are found to be valid.

(5) Not less than 19 days before the election day the Chairman shall publish at his office a list of the candidates registered under sub-rule (4). These candidates shall be deemed to be registered as such from the date of publication of the list.

18. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by a notice in writing which must be subscribed by him and be sent to the Chairman within three days of the date of his registration as a candidate under rule 17 (5) or rule 20 (2), as the case may be. A candidate who has withdrawn his candidature shall not be allowed to cancel the withdrawal or to be renominated as a candidate for the same election.

19. As soon as possible after receipt of a notice of withdrawal under rule 18 the Chairman shall cause written intimation thereof to be published in some conspicuous place in his office, and also in the respective wards, if any, of the Municipality.

20. (1) If any person who has filed a nomination paper under rule 17 (1) finds that his name is not included in the list of candidates published by the Chairman under rule 17(5) or disputes the right of any other candidate to be on such list, he may appeal to the District Magistrate in writing within three days of the date of publication of such list. The District Magistrate shall make such order as to the insertion or omission of the name as appears to him to be just, and shall forward a copy of his order to the Chairman so as to reach him not less than 12 days before the date of the election; and the Chairman shall, on receipt of the order amend the list, note upon it the date of such amendment and forthwith publish at his office and, if necessary, in the respective ward or wards, the amendments made in the list.

(2) A person whose name has thus been newly inserted in the list shall be deemed to be registered as a candidate from the date of such insertion.

(3) The order of the District Magistrate shall be final.

21. Not less than ten days before the date fixed for the election the Registering Authority shall publish at his office a revised list of candidates containing all the alterations and amendments made in such original list whether by the order of the District Magistrate under rule 20 or in consequence of the withdrawals of candidates under rule 18. The revised list thus published shall be the final list of candidates for the election.

#### CONDUCT OF ELECTION

22. (1) All the registered candidates in a ward shall be declared to be duly elected if their number is not more than the number of seats allotted to such ward.

(2) In all such cases, the declaration shall be made by the Chairman in writing, against the name of the candidate concerned, in the final list of candidates published under rule 21.

(3) If the number of registered candidates is greater than the number of seats a poll shall be held.

23. (1) Before the date of publication of the final list of candidates under rule 21, the Commissioners at a meeting shall fix the place or places (hereinafter referred to as polling centres) at which the poll shall be held on the election day and the hours between which voters shall be admitted into the polling enclosures.

(2) The poll shall be held at the time and at the polling centres so fixed:

Provided that where it is considered necessary, separate polling centres may be fixed for the recording of votes by female voters.

(3) Notice of such time and such polling centres shall be given by beat of drum and by the publication of notices at the Administrator's office in the case of the First General Election or at the municipal office in the case of any subsequent election at the same time as the publication of the final list of candidates under rule 21.

24. After the hours mentioned in the notice referred to in rule 23, no person shall be admitted within the polling enclosure but the votes of all duly registered voters who are already within the enclosure shall be recorded.

25. Each voter shall be entitled to vote for the ward in respect of which his name has been registered, and for no other, and to give as many votes as there are vacancies for each ward for which he is thus entitled to vote.

Provided that he shall not give more than one vote on the same voting paper to any one candidate.

26. (1) There shall be in each ward at least one polling centre.

(2) Where there are more than one polling centre in a ward the Commissioners shall cause a notice to be published showing the names and serial numbers as given in the Final Electoral Roll of persons whose votes will be recorded at any specified polling centre in the ward.

(3) The Chairman may, if he thinks necessary, provide more than one polling booth in a polling centre and shall cause a notice to be published at the gate of each polling booths showing the serial numbers, as given in the Final Election Roll, of persons whose votes will be recorded at the booth.

(4) The Commissioners at a meeting shall appoint a polling officer (a) who is neither himself a candidate for election nor the agent of a candidate to preside over the election at each polling centre, and where there are several polling centres in one ward shall declare one of the polling officers to be Chief polling officer.

(5) If a polling officer for any reason fails to attend, the Chairman shall appoint another fit and proper person, who is not himself a candidate or the agent of a candidate, to take his place.

(4) To assist the polling officer, there shall be appointed by the Commissioners at a meeting, an Election Committee consisting of not more than five rate-payers of the ward who are not themselves candidates or agents of candidates. No election shall be void because any or all of the members of the committee fail to attend. If less than three members attend, the polling officer may appoint other rate-payers not being themselves candidates or agents of a candidate up to the number of three and the persons thus appointed shall then be deemed to be members of the Election Committee.

27. (1) On the morning of the election day, the Chairman shall Supply the polling officer with the following:—

- (a) a ballot box provided with an aperture for receipt of voting papers;
- (b) an instrument for stamping the official mark on such paper;
- (c) a copy of the Final Electoral Roll, with the particulars prescribed in rule 26(2);
- (d) a bound book or books containing as many voting papers serially numbered in foil and counterfoil as there are voters entered in the Final Electoral Roll for that polling centre, and other persons entitled under rule 34 (1) to vote at that polling centre;

(2) The Chairman shall cause to be provided at each polling centre sufficient writing materials with which voters may mark the voting papers.

(3) The official mark shall be kept secret until the commencement of the polling.

28. The voting paper shall be printed in English or both in English and Bengali in Form D. The Symbol assigned to each candidate shall be printed against his name. The names of candidates in English shall be in alphabetical order. When the voting papers is printed in both the languages the name shall be printed in Bengali below that in English in each case.

29. With the object of safeguarding the secrecy of the ballot and of preventing undue crowding, the Chairman shall divide each polling booth into two rooms or compartments, hereafter called the inner and outer compartments. Votes shall be recorded in the inner compartment.

30. (1) On the election day the polling officer shall admit to the outer compartment of the polling booth the candidates and such agents as may be selected by the candidates, to assist in the identification of voters, provided that there shall be present at one time, in addition to the candidates, not more than one agent of each candidate.

(2) Only voters, members of the Election Committee and such other persons (if any) as the polling officer may, by special directions admit, shall be allowed to enter the inner compartment of the polling booth.

(3) No candidate or agent of a candidate shall be admitted into the inner compartment except for recording his own vote.

(4) The polling officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted at any one time into either the inner or the outer compartment.

31. Immediately before the commencement of the Poll the polling officer shall satisfy such persons as may be present in the outer compartment that each ballot box is empty and shall then lock it and place upon it his seal in such manner as to prevent its being opened without breaking such seal.

32. The candidates and their agents shall not speak to or address any intending voter in the polling booth, but may submit to the polling officer objections to a voter on any of the following four grounds:—

- (1) That his name is not on the Final Electoral Roll of the ward in respect of which the election is being held.
- (2) That his claim to be a certain voter shown on the Final Electoral Roll is false.

(3) That he has already voted.

(4) Where there is more than one polling centre in a ward, that under rule 25 he is not entitled to record his vote at the polling centre in respect of which the objection is raised.

33. The procedure for recording a vote shall be as follows:—

(i) There shall be no voting by proxy.

(ii) As each intending voter enters the outer compartment, his name and his number in the final Electoral Roll shall be called out, so that everybody present can hear them.

(iii) No objection to an intending voter shall be entertained except on the grounds mentioned in rule 32.

(iv) Any objection shall be summarily decided by the polling officer, who may for this purpose take such evidence as may be available on the spot.

(v) If after taking such evidence the polling officer disallows the objection or if no objection is raised, he shall hand the voter the foil of a voting paper for the ward and for the special ward, if any, and shall allow him to proceed to vote.

(vi) Immediately before a voting paper is delivered to a voter, it shall be marked on the back with the official mark and an indication shall be placed in a copy of the Electoral Roll against the number of the voter to denote that he has received a voting paper, but no note shall be made of the particular voting paper which he has received.

(vii) The number of the voter in the Final Electoral Roll shall be marked on the counterfoil of his voting paper.

(viii) A voter who has received a voting paper shall forthwith be directed, by the polling officer or a person (not being a candidate or his agent) deputed by the polling officer for this purpose, to a place set apart therefor in the inner compartment and shall there mark a cross, within the space headed "voter's mark" on the voting paper, against the symbol assigned to any candidate for whom he intends to vote. He shall then conceal his vote by folding the voting paper and shall put the paper so folded into the ballot box. He shall vote without undue delay and shall quit the polling enclosure as soon as he has put the voting paper into the ballot box.

(ix) If the voter owing to physical or other disability is unable to see the symbols on a voting paper or to make a cross thereon, the polling officer shall mark the vote on the voting paper according to the direction of the voter at the place set apart within the inner compartment under clause (viii) of this rule provided that if the voter so requests, he shall do so in the outer compartment. The voter shall then put the voting paper folded as prescribed in clause (viii) into the ballot box.

34. (1) A polling officer or a member of an Election Committee at a polling centre where he is not entitled to vote shall be allowed to record his vote there on his producing a certificate on a ballot paper from the polling officer of another polling centre that he is entitled to vote at such other centre.

(2) His vote shall be recorded in the manner prescribed in rule 33 except that, his voting paper after being filled in and folded as there prescribed shall be placed, with the certificate, in a sealed envelope by the polling officer and sent to the polling officer of the other polling centre who shall remove it from the envelope and put it in the appropriate ballot box.

35. It shall be the duty of the polling officer and the Election Committee to see that votes are recorded with the utmost secrecy, that the number on the voting paper handed over to a voter is not divulged to any other person, and no persons are admitted to either compartment except under these rules and that persons who have recorded their votes or against whom objections have been allowed are caused to leave immediately. It shall also be their duty to see that these rules and any special directions given by the polling officer thereunder are strictly observed.

36. (1) On the conclusion of the poll, the polling officer shall, with the assistance of the election committee, in the presence of the candidates or their agents, if any—

(a) satisfy himself that the seals affixed to the ballot boxes under rule 31 are intact, and either;

- (b) forthwith, when there is only one polling centre in the ward, open the ballot box and scrutinise the votes in accordance with rule 37; or
- (c) when there are several polling centres in the ward send to the Chief polling officer the ballot boxes and the books of counterfoils and unused foils of voting papers and the marked copy of the Electoral Roll properly sealed with his own seal and the seals of such candidates or agents as may desire to affix their seals.

(2) The Chief Polling Officer shall thereupon with the assistance of the Election Committee, in the presence of the candidates or their agents, if any, satisfy himself that the seals are intact, open the ballot boxes and scrutinise the votes in accordance with rule 37.

37. Any voting paper not marked, marked otherwise than with a cross or marked elsewhere than in the space provided for the purpose, or on which more crosses are marked than there are vacancies, or on which a cross is so placed as to make it doubtful to which candidate the vote has been given, or on which any mark is made by which the voter may be identified shall be invalid. A note to this effect shall be made upon it by the polling officer and it shall not be included in the count.

38. (1) When the voting papers have been scrutinised the polling officer or chief polling officer shall with the assistance of the Election Committee, in the presence of the candidates or their agents, if any, count the valid votes and declare to be elected in any ward the candidate or candidates to whom the highest number of votes has been given.

(2) If there be an equality of votes and if the number of vacancies does not admit of all the candidates who have obtained an equality of votes being elected, he shall by drawing lots in such manner as he may determine, select one of such candidates whom he shall declare to be elected.

39. The Polling Officer or Chief Polling Officer shall, forthwith, if not himself the Chairman report in writing the result of the election to the Chairman.

40. When a candidate has been elected for more than one ward,—

- (a) he shall be declared by the Chairman to have been elected for such ward, if any, out of those wards, in which the election has been uncontested,
- (b) otherwise, within five days from the date of the election, he shall declare which of such wards he will represent; and if he fails to make such declaration, the Chairman shall forthwith declare the ward which such candidate shall represent. In either case such candidate shall be held to be elected in the ward in respect of which a valid declaration has been made under this rule and in every other ward for which the said candidate has been elected the result of the election shall be determined as if no votes had been recorded for him:

Provided that, if there is no other candidate for whom votes have been recorded to fill the vacancy thus caused, a fresh election shall be held.

41. A second election, under section 26 of the Act, shall begin at the stage from which the original election failed *e.g.* if the election failed at the time of polling, a fresh poll only shall be held or if the election failed for want of candidates, fresh nominators shall be called for.

42. When the voting papers have been scrutinised and counted the polling officer or the chief polling officer, as the case may be, shall forthwith replace them in the ballot box from which they were taken and seal it in the manner prescribed by rule 31 and rule 36 (1) (c). He shall also seal up the books of counterfoils and unused foils of voting papers and also the copy of the marked Electoral Roll, with his own seal and the seal of such candidates or their agents as may desire to affix them. He shall make them over with the ballot-box to the administrator in the case of the first general election or to the Chairman in the case of any subsequent election to be kept in safe custody until the books and the voting papers are destroyed under rule 43.

43. On the expiry of 30 days from the date of the declaration of the result of the election, or, if an election petition has been filed under section 36 of the Act, as soon as possible after the disposal of the petition, the voting papers in the ballot boxes and the sealed books containing unused voting papers and counterfoils shall be destroyed in the presence of such municipal commissioner or officer as the Commissioners at a meeting may appoint for this purpose.





## FORM B

(Rule 17)

## NOMINATION PAPER

S. No.	Name of candidate and his Serial number in the final Electoral Roll (Form A) with the particulars of the ward in which he is registered*	Denomination, (e.g., Hindu, Moham-madan etc.)	Address	Ward or wards, in which election is sought	Signature of voter proposing, and his S. No. in the final electoral Roll (Form A)*	Signature of voter seconding and his S. No. in the final Electoral Roll (Form A)*	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

\*State whether the number refers to the Electoral Roll for males or females.

Signature of the Candidate

Date.....195...

(perforated)  
CERTIFICATE OF DELIVERY

The nomination paper of.....a candidate for election from Ward No.....  
of.....Municipality was delivered to me on (date).....  
.....at (hours).....

Signature.

## FORM C

## NOTICE UNDER RULE 17(3)

Nomination papers of all candidates for election received under rule 17(1) will be scrutinised by the Administrator on .....at the municipal office between the hours of ..... Candidates and other interested persons may be present at the scrutiny.

Administrator.

Municipality.

Date.....195.....

## FORM D

(front)

(Rule 28)

Voting paper No.....

Number of vacancies.....

## Counterfoil.

Voting paper No.\*  
 Voters' number in the final electoral  
 Roll.

## Foil.

S. No.	Candidate's name	Symbol of candidate	Voters' mark

\*The serial number should be printed on the face of the counterfoil and on the back of the voting paper.

## Instructions

1. As many votes as there are vacancies may be given but not more than one vote shall be given to any one candidate.
2. Votes in excess of the number of vacancies may not be given.
3. A cross (x) should be placed opposite the name or names of candidate or candidates for whom it is desired to vote, a cross being made for each vote.

(Back)

Voting paper No.....

(D.2865-Eur.I/53.)

[No. 362-Eur. I].

**S.R.O. 1422.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 65(a) of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932 (Bengal Act XV of 1932) as extended to Chandernagore by the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of External Affairs No. 147-Eur.I, dated the 1st April 1953, the Central Government hereby extends to Chandernagore the rules for the election of Chairman and Vice Chairman of Municipalities published in the Calcutta Gazette under Bengal Government notification No. 5975 M, dated 3rd November, 1933, with the following modification, namely:

## Modification

In rule 1 for the word "Crown" substitute the words "The Constitution of India".

(D.2865-Eur.I/53.)

[No. 363 Eur.I.]

E. GONSALVES, Under Secy.

